

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. V.—NO 36.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, FEB. 23, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding 200 characters for dollars per annum.

W. BRADSHAW, Contractor and Builder—Sash and Doors made to order on short notice.

THOMAS G. HARTER, Contractor and Builder—Estimates on Stone and Brickwork, Moose Jaw, Manitoba St. east.

J. G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate, etc. Agent for the Manitoba and North-West Land Co. Office, High St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

DENNIS FLETCHER, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Veterinary Inspector, Office, Opposite Walsh's Livery Stable, High street.

W. D. COWAN, L.D.S., D.D.S., Surgeon-Dentist, of Regina, (graduate of the Dental College in the world). Moose Jaw staying at the Dining Hall every Monday and following Tuesday every month.

W. J. NELSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Main Street Moose Jaw, near E. A. Baker & Co's.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Attorney Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agents for the Canada Northern Land Co. and the Trusts of Moose Jaw Town Site.

I. O. F.
Court Moose Jaw, No. 509, holds its regular meeting in Russell Hall, on the last Tuesday in each month, at 8 o'clock p.m. Every member is requested to attend.
Next regular meeting will be held on Tuesday, February 27th.

C. D. J. Christie, C.R. H. F. Dreyer, E.S.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Conveyancer, Process Server of the Supreme Court, Sub-Recorder of Stock Brands; Insurance, Marriage Licenses; Government Land Guide; Insurance agent; School Debentures bought; Settlers located free; Remounted entries made; Full list of all lands open for entry in the Moose Jaw District; Farms for sale with from 50 to 250 acres under cultivation, easy payments; Land put under the Town's Act and short form of Indentures, Contracts, Leases, etc. drawn up at reasonable rates; C. P. R. and Hudson Bay land for sale. Money to Loan.

WHOLESALE
Wine, Liquor and Cigar Store.

DRINK and the Death Rate.

The British Medical Association appointed a committee to make enquiries, in order to ascertain the average age of the different categories of drinkers. That is to say, those who refrain completely from alcoholic drink, those who indulge more or less in moderation, and those who drink to excess. This committee has handed in its report. Its conclusions are drawn from 424 deaths, which are divided into five categories of individuals, with the average of age attained by each—

Total Abstinence, 35 yrs. 22 days.
Moderate drinkers, 30 " 47 "
Free drinkers, 27 " 30 "
Habitually temperate drinkers 23 " 13 "
Occasionally temperate drinkers 20 " 3 "

O. FIELD.

HITCHCOCK
&
McCULLOCH.

BANKERS
AND
FINANCIAL
AGENTS.

MOOSE JAW.

Agents.—Bank of Montreal.

HARD TIME PRICES

— AT —

T. W. Robinson's

Great Clearing and Stock Taking Sale. Now is your chance to make \$1.00 buy \$2.00 worth of goods, this sale will be continued till the end of January. We have placed on our centre tables a large range of Dress Goods, new, seasonable goods, which we are selling at cost and below. We will sell you dress goods from 10c. a yard up. Some splendid Dress Lengths in Tweed effects at cost.

In Knit Woolen goods such as Clouds, Wool Shawls, Hose, Mitts, &c., we have a big lot in this sale. Women's all wool Hose from 15c.

In Boots and Shoes we have a big lot. We have thrown out and marked away down, Felt and Felt lined in Men's, Women's, Boy's and Misses, Slippers from 15c. up.

Our entire stock of Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Pea Jackets will be sold during this sale at a discount of 30 per cent. for cash. This brings them below cost, but we want the money.

Do not forget our Ladies' Ulsters and short Jackets at 75c. old price from \$3.00 to \$3.00, these are part of a bankrupt stock.

We will be glad to show you through if you do not want to buy. You will tell your friends of the Great Bargains and they will come and buy.

THIS SALE IS FOR CASH ONLY.

T. W. ROBINSON'S.

NO RIGHT OF APPEAL

The Catholic Minority of Manitoba have no right to appeal Against the School Law of 1890.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—The supreme court this morning expressed the opinion by a majority of three to two that the Roman Catholic minority of Manitoba has no right to appeal to the Governor-General in council against the Manitoba school act of 1890. The court room was filled with lawyers and spectators, among them being Hon. R. W. Scott, Solicitor-General Curran, Premier Blair, of New Brunswick, Messrs. Hazen and McLeod, M.P.'s of St. John N. B.

There were six questions referred to the court by the federal cabinet. (1st) Is an appeal to the governor-general in council admissible under the B. N. A. act or the Manitoba act of union? (2nd.) Is it admissible under both or either of these acts?

(3rd.) Does the decision of the privy council conclude the application based on the contention that rights and privileges accrued after the union had been interfered with?

(4th.) Does the B. N. A. act apply to Manitoba?

(5th.) Has the Governor-General in council power to make remedial orders or has he other jurisdiction?

(6th.) Did the acts of the Manitoba legislature confer on the minority rights or privileges in relation to education, and the act of 1890 affect any right or privilege in such a manner that an appeal will be?

THE CHIEF'S OPINION.

Chief Justice Strong first pointed out that the right of appeal given in the B. N. A. act differed from the Manitoba act including in the list of rights and privileges any which might be established by the legislature after the union. He thought the difference in language significant and came to the conclusion that the educational clauses of the B. N. A. act did not apply, being replaced by the educational clauses of the Manitoba act of union, this act allowed an appeal from any act of the legislature or of "any provincial authority." He did not think the legislature was included in the term "provincial authority" unless restricted by express terms in the B. N. A. act, the legislature should be presumed to have the inherent right to repeal the laws it enacts. He held that it was not the intention of parliament to limit by the organic law the right of the legislature. The right of appeal must therefore be restricted to such rights and privileges as existed prior to the union with Canada, and this point was settled by the judgment of the Privy Council. He therefore answered the questions in the negative.

ALL THREE CURED.

Neil McKeechie, with his Wife and Mother-in-law cured of Constipation by Dodd's Kidney Pills—These Pills Better than Ordinary Cathartics.

TORONTO, Feb. 19.—Neil McKeechie a popular barber of this city has been a sufferer from chronic constipation for years. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills and got only obtained immediate relief, but a permanent cure. His wife and mother-in-law were similarly afflicted, and used these pills with the same good results. Ordinary cathartics give only temporary relief and leave the patient worse than before using them. While Dodd's Kidney Pills are not cathartics their peculiar action on the liver and kidneys is such that the cause of constipation are permanently removed. These pills are manufactured by Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., Toronto, and are sold by all dealers, or will be mailed on receipt of price: fifty cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

A Hell-Born Society.

TORONTO, Feb. 19.—At a devotional service yesterday, at St. Basil's church, Archbishop Walsh said: "It is my duty, among other things, to pray for the church and clergy, as the church is passing through a storm of persecution, brought on by a body of fanatics, whose spirit is nothing less than that of a demon, because it could originate from no other source. But Catholics should not be discouraged, because the church that has conquered empires, by her endurance and patience, will very easily conquer this hell-born society, that has sprung up in our midst, and which seeks to interfere with the rights of Catholic citizens."

South Lankark Goes Liberal.

PERTH, Feb. 17.—The election to fill the vacancy in the local Legislature for South Lankark took place yesterday and resulted in the return of Mr. Clark the Liberal candidate. The constituency at the last general elections for the Local House returned a Conservative by a majority of 431. In the campaign the Patrons nominated a candidate and results show that he injured the Conservative more than he did the Liberal candidate.

The total vote polled was a couple of hundred heavier than that of the general election. The Patrons are much surprised and disappointed at the showing made by their candidate.

An Increase in Exports.

OTTAWA, Feb. 16.—The figures of Canadian trade for the seven months ending January 31 show that the exports are in excess of the corresponding period last year to the amount of \$2,930,101, the total value of the exports being \$82,161,983. In the month of January there was a falling off to the amount of \$300,000. The imports for the seven months are about normal, being valued at \$69,167,616, although during January they fell off slightly. The revenue to date from customs amounts to \$11,889,253, as compared with \$12,297,760. The amount of free goods imported last month was \$3,161,161, and the total importations to \$8,573,551.

RASTES IN TROUBLE.

The Well Known Annexationist Accused of Forgery.—The Amount is only a Quarter of a Million.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Much surprise was caused here today by the arrest of Erasmus Wiman, formerly manager for R. G. Dun & Co's mercantile agency, builder of the Staten Island Rapid Transit railroad, and a prominent advocate of the annexation of Canada to the United States. Mr. Wiman is charged with forgeries amounting to \$229,000. He was arraigned before Judge Martine and committed to the Tombs in default of \$25,000 bail. The trouble has arisen out of financial deals in connection with the Dun-Wiman Agency. It is stated that by various acts of embezzlement through misrepresentations, concealments, breaches of his agreement, misuse of the powers with which he was trusted, he succeeded during the years 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892 and up to Feb. 1893 in stealing from Mr. Dun the enormous sum of \$229,018 90. Dun says that in view of these facts and upon the conviction that a man of Wiman's bad character ought not longer to be allowed to masquerade as an honest man in this community, and as an adviser and exhorter of youth, and out of a sense of obligation to the mercantile world with which he is so closely identified he has decided that his duty requires him to expose Wiman's conduct and to hand him over to the authorities, that he may be dealt with as the law directs.

THE REGINA JOCKEY MATCH.

Moose Jaw put up a Good Game But Were Defeated by the Regina—Official Score 8 to 2.

A picked team from the Moose Jaw Hockey club went to Regina on Tuesday night train to measure sticks with the Regina club in the challenge match on Wednesday. They were met at the station by members of the club and escorted to the Windsor Hotel. The match next evening excited considerable interest and called out several hundred people. When play was called McEliff got the puck and passed it to Lister who scored. It was claimed that the shot was too high but the umpire allowed the goal. After this Lister succeeded in making three more successful goal shots. McLachlan, of the Moose Jaw team, then made a running shot and scored the first goal for Moose Jaw. At this point half time was called.

When play was again called Smith, of Regina, and Armstrong, of Moose Jaw, each scored. Three goals more were scored by the Reginsans. The following were the respective sides:

REGINA.	MOOSE JAW.
G. Whitmore.	Goal. H. J. McDonald.
B. Whitmore.	Point. T. Hatch.
J. Short.	Capt. Covey.
W. McArthur.	Wm. Simington.
F. A. Lister.	A. M. Hamlin.
H. F. Kerr.	R. McLachlan.
A. Smith.	Armstrong Capt.
	Geo. Keyes.

Referee, W. J. Nelson, Umpires, H. C. Lawson and Dr. Cotton.

Several races then took place after which N. F. Davin, M.P., distributed the prizes.

AFTER THE MATCH.

The visitors were treated to an oyster supper at which a pleasant time was spent.

Mr. C. D. J. Christie accompanied the Moose Jaw team to spare man. The date of the return match has not been fixed but will be played shortly.

Committee for Contempt.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 20.—F. C. Cotton, member of the provincial legislature for Vancouver and publisher of the News-Advertiser of this city, as judgment debtor for refusing to obey the order of the court by refusing to answer certain questions respecting the transfer of stock and giving unsatisfactory answers, was today found guilty of contempt of court, an order being made by Justice Grease for his commitment on March 1. Cotton is at present attending the session of the House in Victoria.

Leithridge Miners on Strike.

LEITHRIDGE, N. W. T., Feb. 20.—The miners here are "out on strike." Last week the new superintendent issued a schedule in which a general reduction in price was given. The miners held two meetings yesterday to consider his propositions, and concluded that they could not accept them. They also talked the matter over with him, but he would not compromise, consequently there is no immediate prospect for a settlement. Five hundred and eighty-three men are out of work. Last the miners' pay roll amounted to over \$32,000.

Get Rid of the Scrubs.

A buyer of beef steers for stall feeding stated the other day that he had now given up buying in one particular district and for the following reason: He found that, owing as they said to hard times, the farmers had given up buying well bred bulls, and as a consequence of this kind of bluff their young stock was getting poorer year by year. Scrub cattle, as feeders, knew to their cost, are generally most unthrifty feeders, and the man who has once tackled a car load of big boned, hard haired beasts, finds he has been pouring good feed into a rat hole and is careful to buy no more cattle there. Nor West Farmer.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Green Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

Subscription, \$1.00 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 25c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgages and Sheriff Sales, Assignments, and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 15 per line; subsequent insertions 10c. per line; no charge for notices.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"Not clinging to some ancient law,
Not mastered by some modern term,
Not swift nor slow to change; but firm."

FRIDAY, FEB. 23, 1894.

DELEGATE STEVEN ON THE NORTHWEST.

In our exchanges this week a marked copy of the Kilmarnock Standard was found which contained the report of a speech delivered by Mr. John Steven, who was one of the British North-West Delegates selected by the Canadian Government to visit this country for the purpose of reporting as to its resources and its adaptability for British emigrants.

The following is from his speech:

The North-West Territories present a field for mixed farming and ranching not to be surpassed anywhere; there have deep soil, and generally produce large crops, though owing to the elevation subject a little more to summer frost than Manitoba. The climate in Alberta, and near the "Rockies" being mild in winter, however, cattle can be kept out all the time without shelter, making this the place suitable for ranching and mixed farming. Having seen this vast country from Manitoba to the Pacific, in common with the rest of the Delegation, and having talked with farmers all over, meeting them on their own farms and hearing what they had to say, I must confess I was much surprised to find both contentment and a lack of prosperity in nine cases out of ten prevailing. Every man we interviewed appeared to us to be speaking the truth, and all seemed to think the particular spot in which he happened to be located was the best in the world. (Laughter and applause) Some might want to know, however, how the Canadian farmer is able to live with wheat at such a low price as it happens to be presently. I think it can still be shown that there is a profit yet in spite of low figures. The average production of Manitoba and the North-West Territories in wheat is as near as possible 20 bushels an acre, which at 30 cents per bushel is equal to \$2.10. The cost of production is as follows:—Ploughing, per acre \$1.00; harrowing and rolling, 50 cents; seed, 14 bushels, 90 cents; sowing, 15 cents; cord, 25 cents; harvesting and stacking, 22 cents; threshing 20 bushels \$1.14; marketing, 52 cents; interest, taxes, repairs, etc. \$1.70—\$2.99, equal to \$1.79 84d in our money. Value of crop per acre, \$2.10 84d; cost of production and interest \$1.79 84d; profit, 144 per acre. Thus a 300 acre farm in Manitoba, with one-third in fallow, leaving 200 acres in wheat, at 144 per acre brings the profit to a total of \$140. In judging as regards farming in Manitoba, it is evident in a good many cases, that ignorance in connection with scientific methods prevails. This, no doubt, is because very few are born and bred to it there.

DEPEW ON FREE TRADE.

Advance sheets of Chamcey M. Depew's article in the Nineteenth Century on "The Prospects of Free Trade to the United States" are to hand. The article was written while Mr. Depew was tossing on Atlantic billows on his return from Europe.

Mr. Depew says the result of the election of 1892 was a surprise. The country was paralyzed by the plunge it had deliberately taken. Every industrial and business interest in the land was extraordinarily interwoven with and independent upon the protective system; yet a party had come into possession of Government pledged to the uprooting of that system. It had declared in its platform that the principle of protection was condemned by the Constitution and that its practice was a robbery and a fraud.

"What will you do with your victory?" was the question eagerly asked from every mill and mine, from every factory and furnace, from every counting-house and banker's office, from every corporation and from working men. The answer was flat and frank.

"We will do what we promised to do if elected, and what you have specially commissioned and instructed us to carry out."

There never was a more direct mandate from a constituency to an administration nor an administration which knew so well what was expected of it and what it intended to accomplish.

Mr. Depew then describes the readjustment of business and manufacturing in anticipation of the proposed change. He says that at least 80 per cent of the mills, factories and furnaces locked their doors and 2,000,000 persons were thrown out of employment. He tells of the swelling of the extra session of Congress in response to the demand for the repeal of the silver law, and continues:

"One-half of the President's followers refused to follow his lead, and it required every resource known to power and authority to hold those who professed obedience to their elected chief. The wild horses of Mr. Cleveland obeyed every suggestion of the bit with the reins in the hands of that veteran, able, accomplished whip, but the wild horses of Mr. Cleveland plunged and bolted at the start, nearly upsetting the national coach."

Mr. Depew says of the election of 1893: "The educational campaign for free trade, which after thirty years of earnest and ceaseless labor had finally triumphed, was in less than twelve months turned into a disastrous rout." As an effect of the elections, Mr. Depew says the President hastened to send a message to Congress reassuring the country that any legislation would have due regard for existing business interests and the wages of labor. Free trade principles were at once abandoned by the reformers and in their place the details of protection are discussed.

In conclusion Mr. Depew says: "Free trade is a myth and a tariff for revenue only a shadow. Most of our industries are stagnant, and the majority of our mills, factories and furnaces are in total or partial paralysis, while the victors are experimenting with the weapons of their protectionist enemies. If, under those circumstances, the much-heralded measure which was to repeal the alleged atrocities of the McKinley bill and curb the reputed rapacity of the tariff robber baron ever reaches President Cleveland for his signature he will not recognize it. In the meantime the people, harassed with doubts and fears, losing money or out of employment, with the impatience of despair or hunger are clamoring for action. Every day's delay is regarded as a further evidence of incapacity for government. Under these circumstances a miracle can scarcely pass a measure which would materially alter the present law, and only a miracle can prevent the return of protectionist power."

A Pittsburg young man shot his father twice through the head in a laudable endeavor to convince the old gentleman that he should eat pie with a fork. True culture is not confined to the charmed circle of Ward McAllister's "400."

The other day the members of the Ohio house of representatives indulged in a tiffin to Mansfield at the invitation of an innocent and disinterested railway corporation. Some of the members went from that point to their homes and having no use for the return coupons of their free tickets sold them to scalpers. It is supposed that they got about 50 cents apiece for their plunder. Legislators have been guilty of some extremely small tricks but this beats the record.

The despatches from Ottawa represent the government as being much perplexed by the inconsistent and conflicting suggestions of those seeking tariff changes. Indeed any one who has closely observed the reports of the interviews the deputations have had with the government with respect to this matter, must not only have been struck by the complexity of business but also by the amazing self-assertion and selfishness of everybody concerned. And not only this. Very few of those who have urged their own interest so vehemently have apparently conception of any principle applicable to the question, either from the free trade or protective point of view—save that they all seem to act on the principle of every fellow for himself and the devil to the hindmost.

The Department of Trade and Commerce is issuing a circular calling attention to a notification received of a reduction in duty by the French Government on leaf, smoking and chewing tobacco and snuff entering the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon to 4 francs 70 centimes per 100 kilos, in place of 50 francs on certain classes of tobacco, and 150 on others. This is a tremendous reduction and makes the duty now equal to about 3 1/2 cents per 100 pounds. It is thought that Halifax will be able to capture this trade.

A convention of the editors of Minnesota was recently held in Minneapolis. There was one editor who would have liked above all things to be present. There are however some things which are impossible and his presence among the pencil pushers was one of them. Like the absent at a banquet he felt the situation keenly and in order to show that he was "in sympathy" with the gathering he sent his regrets. They read:

To the honorable the bulwarks of enlightenment, the galaxy of the editors of the Minnesota State Editorial Association, in Minneapolis assembled—

Be it known that we, the editor of the Prison Mirror, in duty bound, do feel painfully constrained to inform you that our absence is necessitated, much against our will, by an overwhelming detention and contract matters of state appertaining to the judiciary department. Your honorable association will, we pray, take cognizance of the impediment that bars and hampers us in our imperative functions, seeking as it does in deep unceasing qualms of regret, and for this unavoidable absence please pardon us.

In closing we present to you, in dedication, the following quatrain from our Shorn Poet:

Ye editor doth holdly stand
And over us holds dominion;
He wields a scepter in his hand,
We yield to public opinion,
And subscribe ourselves most Mirror-
yourers,
L. P. SCHOONMAKER.

The Country Press.

The country editor has this advantage over a city paper, that while his publication cannot in the nature of the case secure so wide a circulation, every copy that is distributed has a closer and more attentive reading. It stays in the home at least until the week's issue displaces it. What we may call the all-roundness of the country press is one of its most striking features. The editor knows his constituency. The intelligence, fidelity and capacity of the men who conduct the country press merit cordial recognition.

The Liberty Bell.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—It is announced today that the celebrated liberty bell which is now in New York will be brought to the Midwinter Exposition as soon as transportation arrangements have been made. The Pullman company is building a car especially for the bell and its attendants; in this car the bell will make the tour across continent and back. The bell will probably be taken to the City of Mexico after its visit to San Francisco.

A Great and Noble Institution.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 17.—His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Mackintosh spent two hours in visiting and inspecting the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb on Friday afternoon. He was accompanied by Mr. J. R. Neff, member of the Local Assembly of the Territories; Hon. Robert Watson, Minister of Works, and Mr. Hugh John Macdonald. The party were received by the principal and Mrs. McDermid, and the other teachers. The working of the institute was fully examined and explained, and an address to the Lieutenant-Governor written by one of the pupils, to which His Honor replied, his words being rapidly rendered into the sign language by Mr. McDermid. The other members of the visiting party also expressed the pleasure they had derived from what they had seen, and the admiration they felt at the way in which the institute was conducted.

Territorial Appointments.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has recently made the following appointments: To be commissioners for affidavits: Robert Herbert Roome, of Fort Qu'Appelle; William Alexander Porter, of Moose Jaw; and Harry Herbert Camplin, of Indian Head.

James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER.

Makes the only Red Brick in the Territories.

Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw.

CARD.

I desire to inform the public that the almost indiscriminate distribution of lumber and building material from my yard, which has taken place since Oct. 1893, came to an end on 1st of JANUARY, 1894, owing to circumstances not wholly within your control or mine.

In future a full stock of the best will be kept, and sold for CASH and CASH ONLY, except to Builders and Contractors, who can arrange for short credit at reasonable rates.

All parties who in the past agreed to pay by monthly instalments must in future keep up their payments or deal with my Solicitor.

Thanking past customers for their confidence and support, I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

H. McDougall

When we assert that

Dodd's

Kidney Pills

Cure Backache, Dropsy, Lumbago, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and all other forms of Kidney Troubles, we are backed by the testimony of all who have used them.

THEY CURE TO STAY CURED.
By all druggists or mail on receipt of price, 50 cents. Dr. J. A. Smith & Co., Toronto.

SHAVING

PARLOUR.

SHAVING

HAIR CUTTING,

SHAMPOOING.

H. W. CARTER.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility.



Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, Robust, or the Manhood Early Forfeited. How to Regain and Strengthen Weak, Underdeveloped Parts of Body. Absolutely safe Treatment—Benefit in a day. From 13 States and Foreign Countries. Descriptive Book, and year's medical (sealed) free.

Dr. J. A. Smith & Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

R. BOGUE.

Dry Goods,

Ready Made Clothing,

Boots & Shoes,

Groceries,

Flour & Feed

Hardware.

Selling Out of Crockery

AT

COST.

Highest Prices Paid for Grain.

R. BOGUE.

LIVERY, FEED

Ottawa Hotel.

AND

SALE STABLES.

First-Class Livery Rigs.

Best accommodation for the travelling public.

Draying to all parts of the town.

Premises High Street.

William Walsh's Old Stand.

WILSON AND McDONALD.

R. H. W. HOLT,

PROPRIETOR.

R. L. Slater

Fashionable Tailor.

Full lines of all the

Latest Styles

WORSTEDS, TWEEDS,

SERGE, PANTINGS,

OVERCOATINGS,

Etc., Etc

Main Street. Moose Jaw.

Thoroughly Refitted and Re-mounted in Every Department.

House Refurnished Throughout.

Rooms Lighted with Electric Light.

First-Class Liquors & Cigars.

Every Convenience for the Travelling Public.

J. M. KERN, - PROPRIETOR

YES.

We intend to continue the cash business commenced on Jan. 1st subject to the conditions mentioned in this advertisement for the past 3 issues. Porous Plasters being the only kind of a plaster we deal in, we have not been able to command our share of the cash which has been paid this year on account. Bills due us are small as a rule, but quite as large in proportion to the yearly turn over, as most other concerns. Our capital is small, we can't stand it. The best reason, however for sticking to cash system is that the results of the past five weeks under that system warrants its continuance.

W. W. BOLE.

Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, FEB. 23, 1894.—No. 36

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

W. W. Bole is absent on a business trip to Regina.

Wanted.—A good dining room girl. Wages \$15 per month. Address, W. W. Bole, Moose Jaw, Port of Moose.

Mrs. Moore, of Moose Jaw, is visiting friends in Broadview.

Rich oil, kerosene and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by W. W. Bole.

H. L. Bloss, representing the Standard Oil Co., was in town on Monday and Tuesday.

Dr. P. F. Sizs, Dentist, will be at the Dining Hall Moose Jaw again on March 1st and 2nd, for the practice of his profession.

TWO LIVES.

"I'm afraid," sighed the bachelor of 40, "that my life has been wasted."

"I'm sure," sighed the maiden of the same age, "that mine has been mine spent."

O. B. Fysh left on Monday night for Winnipeg to attend the Odiellows Grand Lodge.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, sore, swollen lumps and blemishes from horses. Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by using one bottle. Sold by W. W. Bole.

Mr. J. A. Casgraves, baggage man on the Pasqua section, leaves to-morrow on a trip to Ireland. His destination is "dear, dirty Dublin."

WHERE DID HE GET IT?
He held his tile and looked theret,
And to himself he said:
"This is certainly my hat—
But where did I get this head?"

Rev. F. B. Stacey will shortly leave on a three weeks' trip to Ontario. While absent he will attend the Dominion Grand Council, R. T.'s of T. at Hamilton.

Pay Car To-morrow.

The pay car will gladden the hearts of C. P. R. employees to-morrow afternoon.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents per bottle. Sold by W. W. Bole, Druggist.

Murder Trial at Edmonton.

Shepherd, the murderer of May Buchanan, will be tried before Mr. Justice Rouleau at Edmonton on Monday next.

A Banquet to the Lieutenant-Governor.

The Agricultural Society of Indian Head tender a banquet to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor Mackintosh on Wednesday, 28th inst. The following are invited and expected to be present: Senator Parley, W. W. McDonald, M. P., N. F. Davis, M. P., Mr. Haultain, M. P., Mr. Neff, M. L. A., Mr. Davidson, M. L. A., W. Sutherland, M. L. A., and others. The annual meeting will be held at 1 o'clock, and His Honor will hold a reception from 3 to 5 p.m. same day in the town hall.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing Kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the New Great South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by W. W. Bole.

Calgary Beer.

Samples of Calgary beer have been received by several parties in town and has been pronounced excellent by connoisseurs.

Early Closing in Regina.

The merchants of Regina have decided to close their places of business at 18 o'clock from the present time until October 30th.

Chap Dentistry.

During the Regina Hockey match Mr. Geo. Keyes collided with a post and when he gathered himself together he was minus a tooth.

Cut With a Hay Knife.

On Saturday George Kent, who was cutting hay from the mow, fell and cut his leg with the hay knife. The wound was so serious as to require stitching.

A PRELIMINARY CANTER.

Scene: Regina; Time: Night before the Hockey match.

The Old Man (luc).—"William! what is the matter with you?"

William—"I'm sick."

"What made you sick?"

"Been (hic) eating ginger (hic) snaps."

Cruelty to Animals.

A flagrant case of cruelty to animals is reported in town. The authorities have been informed of the matter and it is expected that the offender will be severely dealt with.

Dead Engines go East.

Road engine 144, which has been running on the Calgary and Edmonton road, and engine 151 from Canmore yard passed through Moose Jaw on Thursday on their way to Winnipeg to undergo thorough repairs.

R. T. of T. Entertainment.

A musical and literary entertainment will be given by Glencourse Council, R. T. of T., in Russell Hall on the evening of Wednesday, Feb. 28. The programme is in the hands of an energetic committee and good results may be expected.

Ladies' Aid Parlor Social.

A parlor social was given by the Ladies Aid of the Methodist Church at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Bradshaw on Friday evening. A short musical and literary programme was presented. Refreshments were served during the evening. The collection amounted to \$16.

The Pink Tea Social.

The Pink Tea Social held at the residence of Mrs. Martin on Tuesday evening was well attended and proved a success in every way. The evening was enjoyably spent with games, etc. Refreshments were served by members of the Y.P.S.E. who wore pink ribbons. The collection amounted to about \$20.

Sheep in Good Condition.

Sheep manager Rutherford, of the C. A. C. farm at Swift Current, says the sheep have done unusually well this winter. There has been no loss whatever, and all grades of animals are in fine condition. There is not even a suspicion of scab in all his large band and as the range is completely isolated there is no danger of acquiring it by contagion.

Brandon Counterfeiters Arrested.

BRANDON, Feb. 21.—Last evening Detective Foster and Chief Kirkcaldy brought into the city Wm. Lockridge and another man named "Doc" from Headlip's Ferry. The two men, it is said, have for some time past been carrying on a profitable business in manufacturing and passing off counterfeit money. The prisoners will be given a preliminary hearing this afternoon before Police Magistrate Todd, when they will, doubtless be sent up for trial.

MEET HIS MATCH.

A fellow, thinking to appear smart, entered a notion store on Sixth avenue the other day and said to one of the salesladies "Ever have any call for husbands here?" "Oh, yes, occasionally. Are you looking for a market?" "Yes," said snarley. "All right, Step right up on the ten-cent counter."—Texas Sittings.

John L. Knocked Out.

Dr. Turnbull had the misfortune to lose his valuable fox terrier "John L." on Monday last. The dog was playing about the cellar and tore up a rag on which a few drops of Bole's Soluble Strychnine had been spilt. The poison got to its work quickly, and "John L." was ignominiously knocked out. As he lay in state on a packing case in the rear of the drug store, an Indian caught sight of him and carried him away. "John L." subsequently figured as the piece de resistance at a Sioux powwow.

Blown From the Train.

Calgary Tribune: "While No. 1, which arrived in the city yesterday morning, was nearing Gull lake, Mrs. Ball, a passenger ticketed for Calgary, was blown from the platform of the dining car while in the act of returning to the coach. The conductor of the diner acted as Mrs. Ball's escort from the car, but owing to the sudden manner in which the lady was carried from the platform he was unable to render assistance. The train was immediately brought to a standstill, and Mrs. Ball, who it was found had fortunately escaped, was taken to the Medicine Hat Hospital, where the injuries she received were promptly looked after."

Caught in the Blizzard.

Some time ago Mr. Mahlon Johnston and Mr. A. T. Bryant went to Old Wives Lake for firewood. On their return a severe storm was raging and they found it impossible to proceed. They unhitched their horses and turned one team loose. The two men then mounted the remaining horses in the hope that they could make Mr. Williams' ranch. They lost their way and had to travel in a circle all night. On Saturday morning they made their way to Mr. Williams' house. Mr. Bryant had one of his feet badly frozen. He was compelled to stay at Williams' for six days, after which he was taken home to Mr. Johnston's. Mr. Bryant will probably lose the toes of his right foot. This is his first winter in the North-West.

NOTICE

The undersigned begs to thank the people of Moose Jaw for past patronage, and wishes to inform them that on and after March 1st no road will be sold except for spot cash. J. M. SIMMONS.

NOTICE.

Mr. A. E. Potter is no longer the agent of the Massey Harris Company. Mr. John H. Bunnell has been appointed agent at this point. Moose Jaw, Feb. 1st, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

On and after Monday the 12th inst. I will be in the Clerk's office for the purpose of receiving payments of taxes.

By order of the Mayor
E. COLPITTS, Collector.
Moose Jaw, Feb. 9th, 1894.



TENDERS.

INDIAN SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies" will be received at this office up to noon of MONDAY, 19th March, 1894, for the delivery of Indian supplies, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1895, at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender, containing full particulars, may be had by applying to the undersigned, or the Assistant Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

This advertisement is not to be inserted by any newspaper without the authority of the Queen's Printer, and no claims for payment by any newspaper not having had such authority will be admitted.

HAYTER REED,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General
of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, January, 1894.

James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER.

Makes the only Red Brick in the Territories.
Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw.

A BIG CHANCE!

Clearing out all Winter Goods at SLAUGHTERING prices!

Now is a chance for you to get Goods at your own prices. Money we are in need of and in order to get it during hard times like we now have we must let GOOD HONEST GOODS go at a sacrifice.

M. J. MacLEOD.

E. A. BAKER & CO.

FLOUR, FEED, GRAINS, AND GALT COAL

ARE STRICTLY AND POSITIVELY SPOT CASH! SPOT CASH! SPOT CASH.

General Lines Groceries and Hardware complete and at Rock-bottom Prices.

Pure Clover Strained Honey bought direct from one of the largest Aparies in Ontario, this is choice.

Our direct importations of Congou and Japan Teas are away ahead of all previous imports, we make a speciality of our lines of Young Hyson Japan and Blacks at 3 lbs. for \$1.00 which cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. Extra value! Buy \$1.00 worth and be convinced. We also sell you good mixed Tea at 4 lbs. for \$1.00.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES, AT COST.

E. A. BAKER & Co.

OYSTERS

By the Gallon,
Quart,
Can.

Oysters,

Oyster Stew
and
Oysters prepared
in all the latest styles, upon
shortest notice and at reasonable rates, at

THOS. HEALEY'S
Confectionery Store.

Main Street, Moose Jaw.

Something New

NEW GOODS ARRIVING.

Now is your time to select a Suit to suit the weather. I have goods now for the Labouring, Mechanical and Professional trades.

John Melhuish.
Artistic Tailor.

NOTICE.

THE following is a summary of the Regulations with respect to the manner of recording claims for MINERAL LANDS other than Coal lands and the condition governing the purchase of the same.

Any person may explore vacant Dominion Lands not appropriated or reserved by Government for other purposes, and may search therein, either by surface or subterranean prospecting, for mineral deposits, with a view to obtaining a mining location for the same, but no mining location shall be granted until actual discovery has been made of the vein, lode, or deposit of mineral or metal within the limits of the location of claim.

A location for mining, except for Iron or Petroleum, shall not be more than 1,500 feet in length, nor more than 600 feet in breadth. A location for mining Iron or Petroleum shall not exceed 100 acres in area.

On discovering a mineral deposit any person may obtain a mining location, upon marking out his location on the ground in accordance with the regulations on that behalf, and filing with the Agent of the Dominion Lands for the district, within sixty days from discovery, an affidavit in form prescribed by Mining Regulations, and paying at the same time an office fee of five dollars, which will entitle the person so recording his claim to enter into possession of the location applied for.

At any time before the expiration of five years from the date of recording his claim, the claimant may, upon filing, have been made, a location for the same, by paying to the Local Agent thereof \$5 per acre, cash, and a further sum of fifty dollars to cover the cost of survey, obtain a patent for said claim, as provided in the said Mining Regulations.

Copies of the Regulations may be obtained upon application to the Department of the Interior.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, July 1893.

Homestead Regulations.

All even-numbered sections of Dominion Lands in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, except those which have been reserved for other purposes, may be homesteaded by any person who is sole head of a family, or male over eighteen years of age, to the extent of one quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

ENTRY.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office in which the land to be taken is situated, or if the homesteadee desires, he may, on application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, or the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, receive authority for some one to make entry for him. The fee of \$10 is charged for an entry, and a fee of \$20 is charged for an entry in the name of a settler who is not a resident of the Dominion. The fee of \$10 is also to meet the cost of the survey and the cost of the map.

RESIDENCE.

Under the present law homesteaded land may be sold or mortgaged, and the settler must declare under oath that he is a resident of the Dominion, and that he is not a bankrupt or insolvent.

1. Three years' continuous residence during which period the settler may not be absent from the land for more than six months without forfeiting the entry.

2. Residence for two years and six months anywhere within two miles of the homesteaded quarter section, and afterwards actual residence on a habitable homestead (homesteaded for three months next prior to application for patent). Under this system 10 acres must be broken the first year after entry, 15 additional in the second, and 15 in the third year; 10 acres to be in crop the second year and 25 acres the third year.

3. The five years' system under which a settler may reside anywhere for the first two years (but must perfect his entry by commencing cultivation within six months after the date thereof), breaking five acres the first year, cropping the same, and breaking 10 acres additional the second year, and also building a habitable house before the end of the second year. The settler must commence actual residence on the homestead at the expiration of two years from the date of entry, and the settler reside upon and cultivate his homestead for at least six months in each of the three next succeeding years.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT.

may be made before the local agent, or any homesteaded inspector. Before making application for Patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands his intention to do so. When, for convenience of the settler, application for patent is made before a homesteaded inspector, a fee of \$5 is chargeable.

SECOND HOMESTEAD.

may be taken by anyone who has received a homesteaded patent or a certificate of recommendation endorsed by the Commissioner of Dominion Lands upon application for patent made by him, or had earned title to his first homestead, on or prior to the second day of June, 1889.

INFORMATION.

Full information respecting the land, timber, coal or mineral laws, and copies of these Regulations, as well as those respecting Dominion Lands in the Railway Belt in British Columbia, may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba, or to any of the Dominion Lands Agents in Manitoba or the North-West Territories.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy Min. of the Interior.

KIRKPATRICK & COOKSON

(Established 1869.)

MONTREAL.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Advances made on consignments of WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, ETC., for sale in Montreal or in the various British Markets.